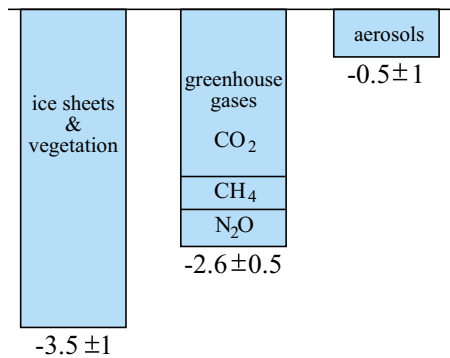


### Ice Age Climate Forcings ( $\text{W/m}^2$ )

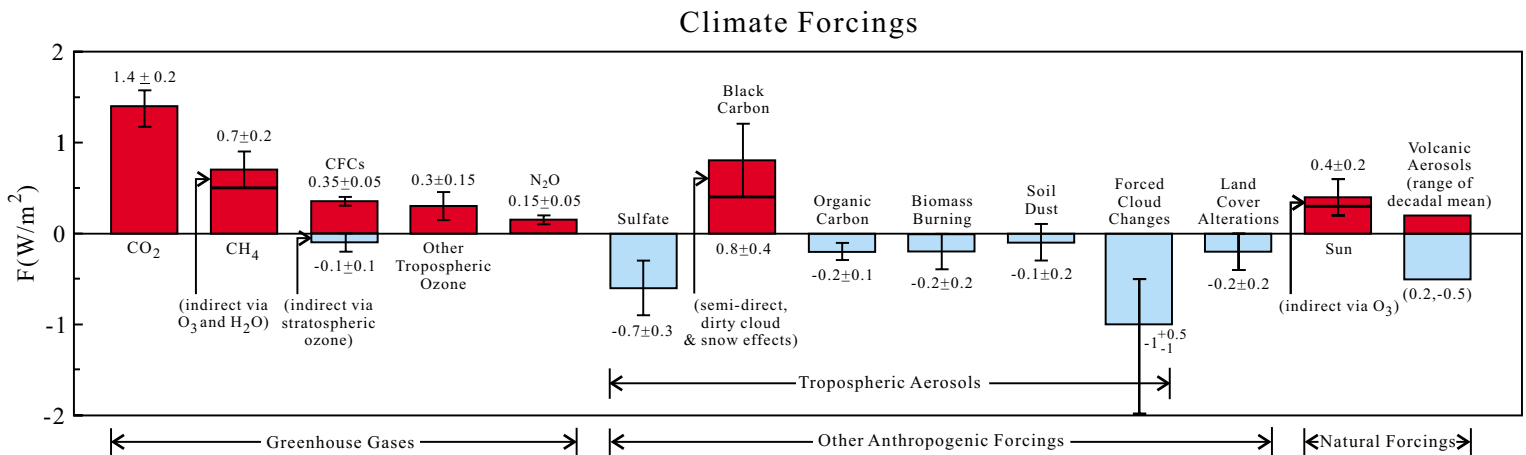


**Figure 1.** Climate forcing during the Ice Age 20,000 years ago relative to the current interglacial period. This forcing of  $-6.6 \pm 1.5 \text{ W/m}^2$  and the  $5^\circ\text{C}$  cooling of the Ice Age imply a climate sensitivity of  $0.75^\circ\text{C}$  per  $1 \text{ W/m}^2$ .

$$\text{Forcing} \sim 6.6 \pm 1.5 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{Observed } \Delta T \sim 5^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{3}{4}^\circ\text{C per W/m}^2$$

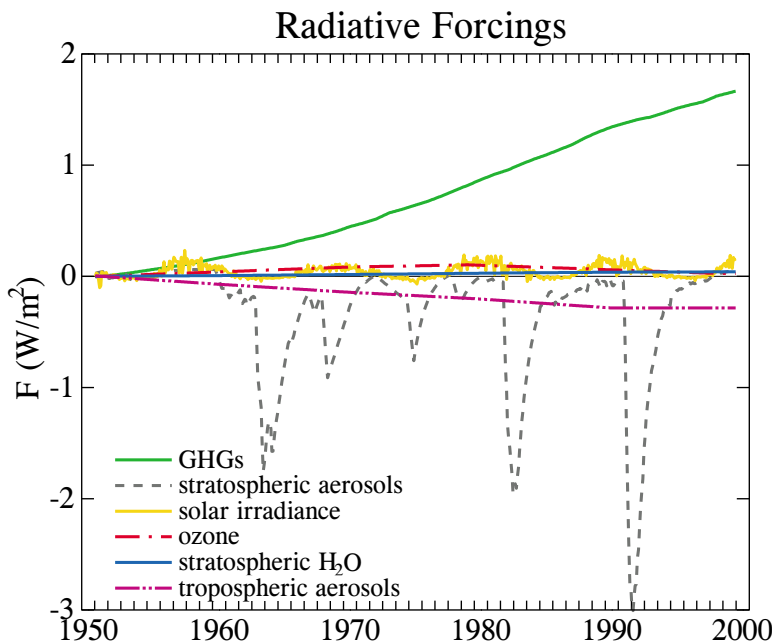


**Figure 2.** Estimated change of climate forcings between 1850 and 2000, based on (1) with five principal aerosols delineated.

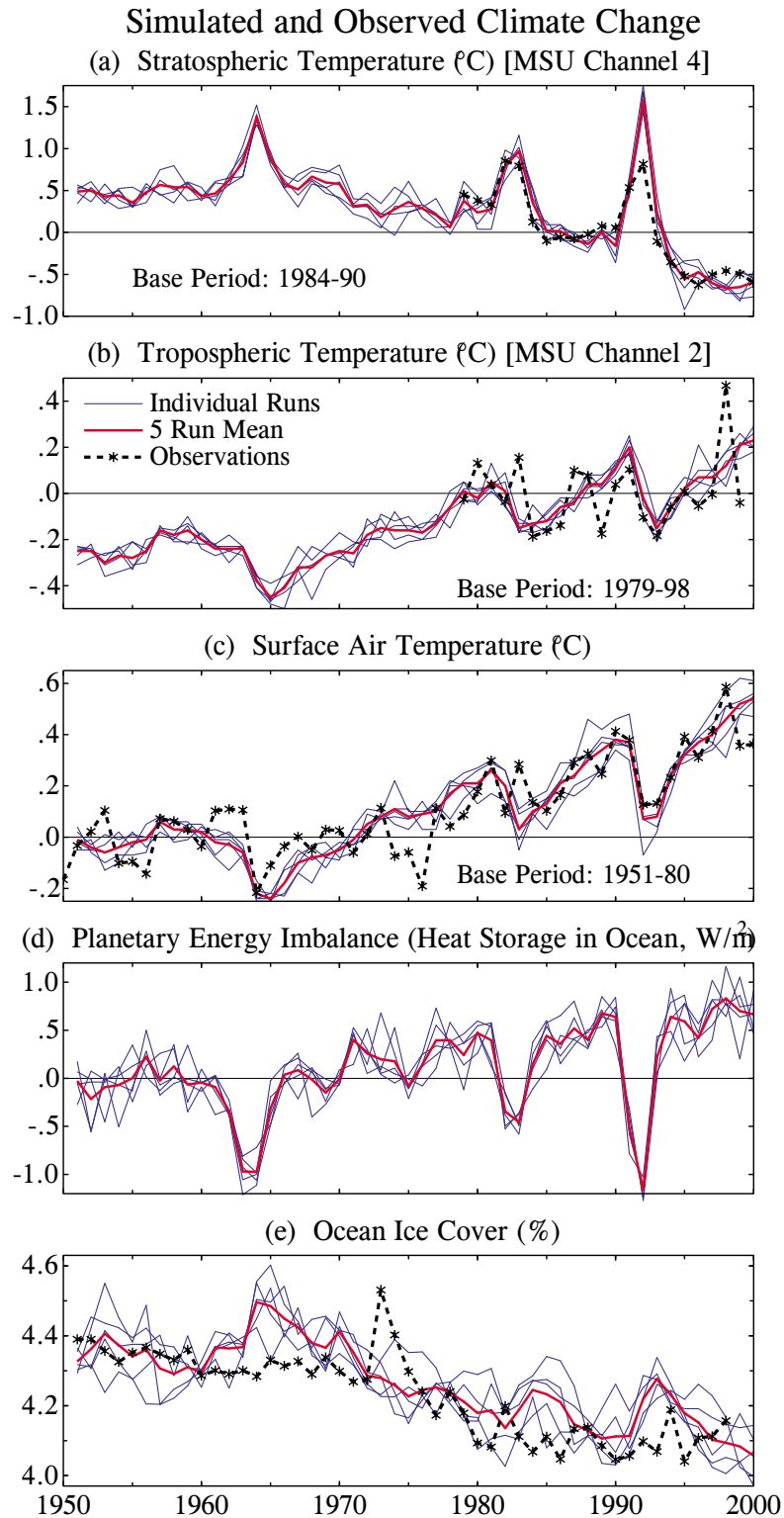
$$\text{Sum} \sim 1.7 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{Sensitivity } \frac{3}{4}^\circ\text{C per W/m}^2 \rightarrow 1.2 - 1.3^\circ\text{C warming at equilibrium}$$

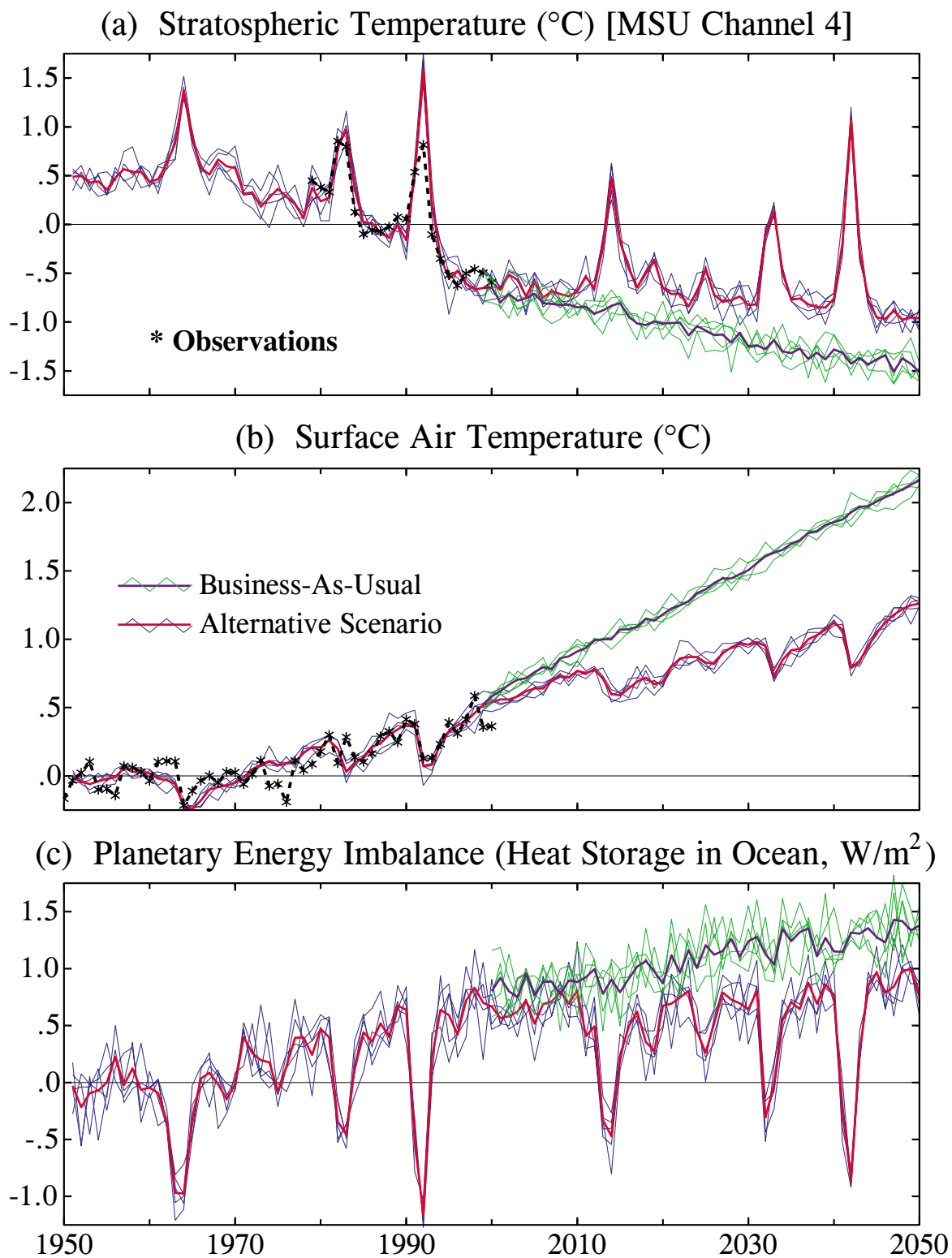
$$\text{Today: } \frac{3}{4}^\circ\text{C warming} + 0.7 \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ remaining imbalance}$$



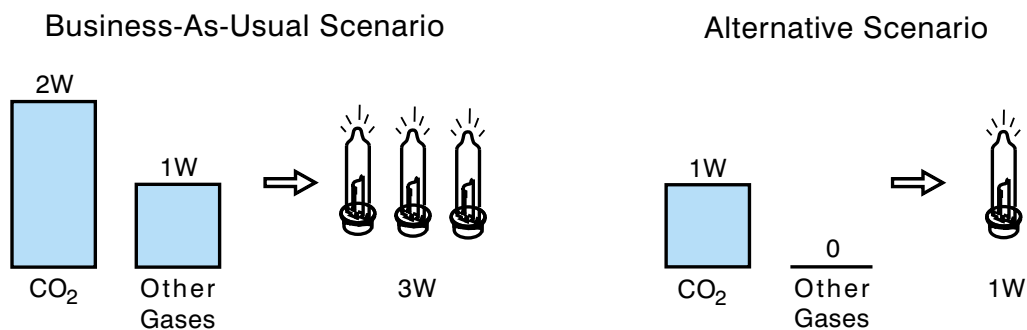
**Figure 3.** Climate forcings in the past 50 years, relative to 1950, due to six mechanisms (6). The first five forcings are based mainly on observations, with stratospheric H<sub>2</sub>O including only the source due to CH<sub>4</sub> oxidation. GHGs include the well-mixed greenhouse gases, but not O<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O. The tropospheric aerosol forcing is uncertain in both its magnitude and time dependence.



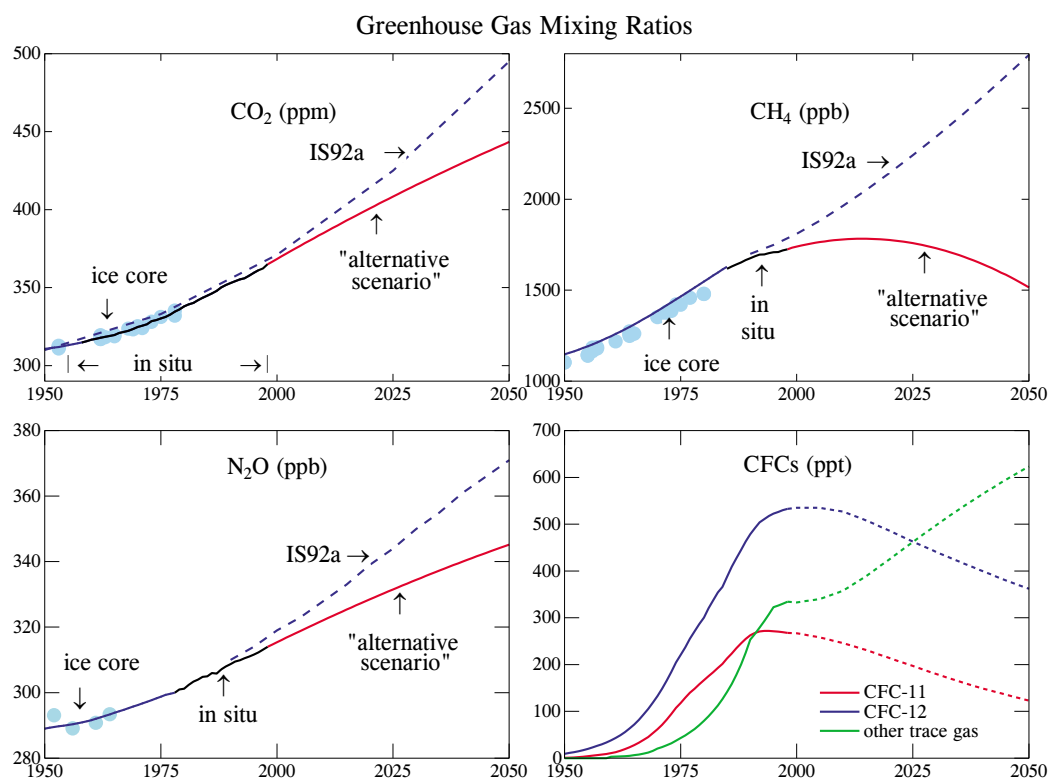
**Figure 4.** Simulated and observed climate change for 1950-2000 (6). These simulations with GISS climate model (3) employ empirical mixing rates and fixed horizontal heat transports in the ocean (5). Climate forcings are those of Figure 3.



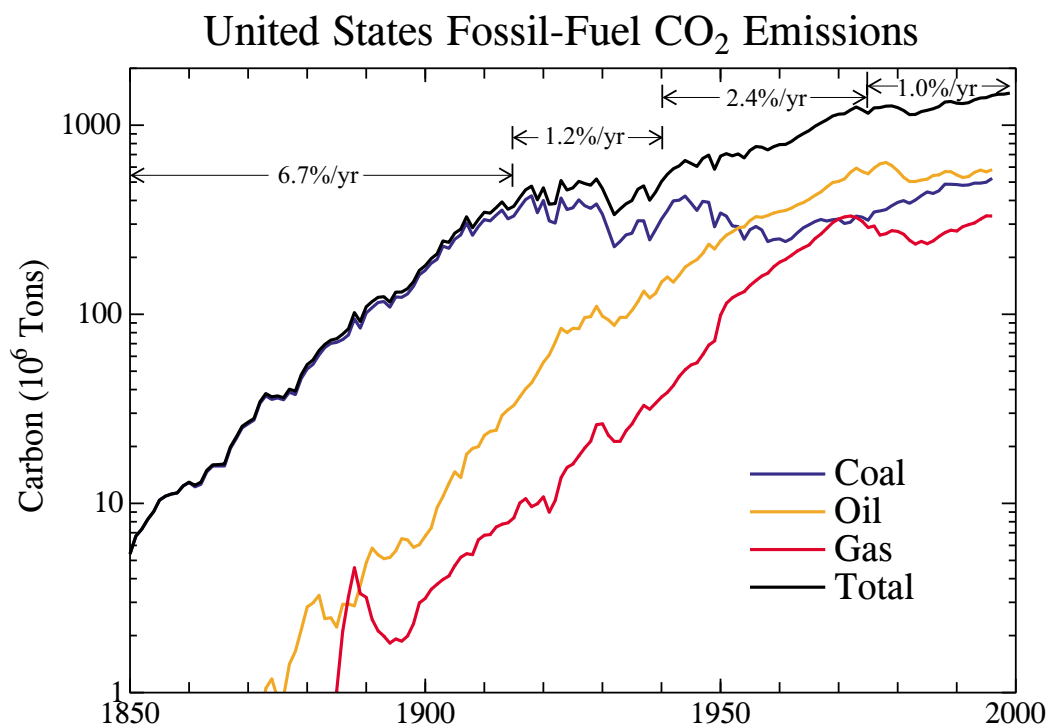
**Figure 5.** Simulated temperatures and planetary energy imbalance for the forcings in Figure 3 (6). The business-as-usual (1%  $\text{CO}_2/\text{year}$ ) adds  $2.9 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$  forcing in 2001-2050. The alternative scenario adds a greenhouse gas forcing of  $1.1 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$  in that period and includes volcanoes similar to those during 1951-2000.



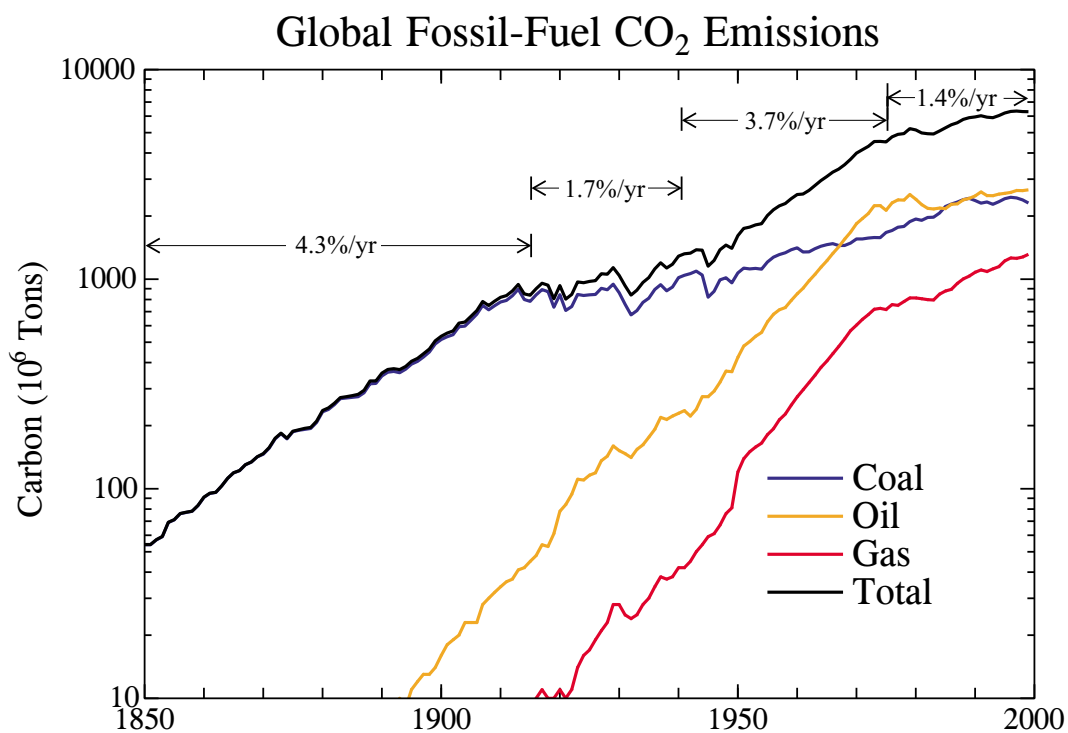
**Figure 6.** Cartoon depicting approximate added climate forcings between in an extreme “business-as-usual” scenario and the “alternative” scenario.



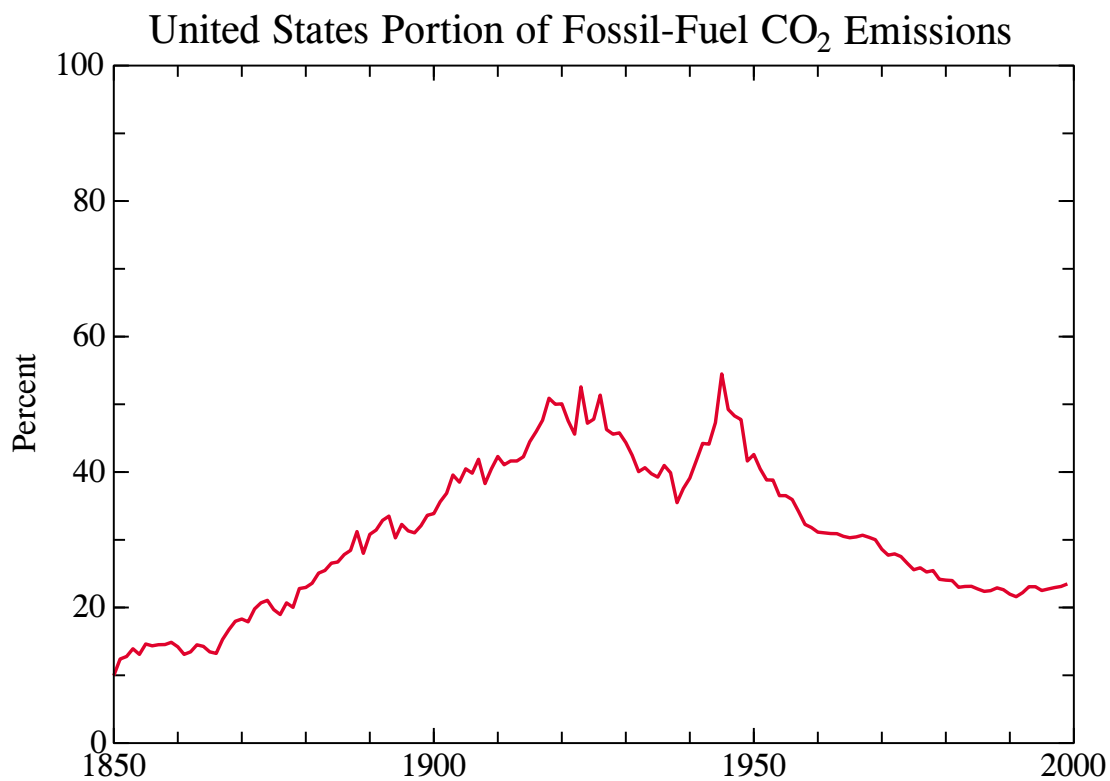
**Figure 7.** Measured greenhouse gas amounts and "alternative scenario" extensions to 2050. IS92a scenarios of IPCC (2) for CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O are illustrated for comparison. The sum of CFC and “other trace gas” forcings is constant after 2000 in the alternative scenario.



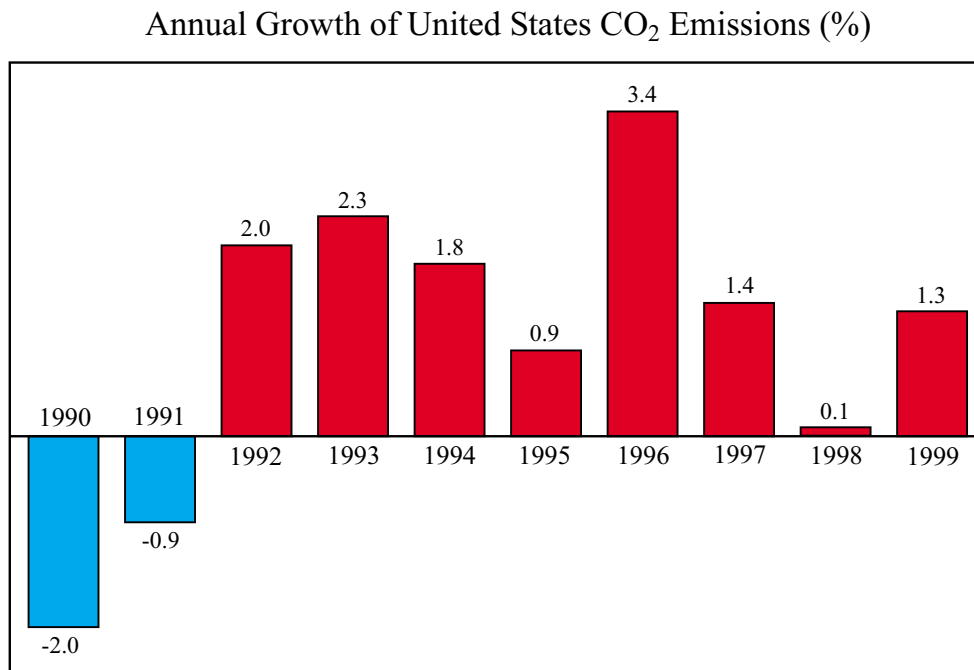
**Figure 8.** Annual emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> from fossil fuels in the United States (principal data source: Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Department of Energy)



**Figure 9.** Annual emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> from fossil fuels in the world (principal data source: Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Department of Energy)



**Figure 10.** Percentage of world fossil-fuel CO<sub>2</sub> emissions produced in the United States.



**Figure 11.** Annual change of United States fossil-fuel CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.